

OCTOBER 2009, DIGITAL ELECTRONICS, PAPER 2

Ques 1 (A): Select correct alternative and rewrite the following sub question – (4 Marks)

- a) Two's complement of $(1010)_2$ is _____.
- (i) 0110 (ii) 0111 (iii) 0011 (iv) 1100
- b) A 16 MHz square wave drives a 4 bit binary counter, then MSB output will have a frequency of _____.
- (i) 4MHz (ii) 16MHz (iii) 1 MHz (iv) 8 MHzs
- c) In a 4 bit weighted resistor type DAC, weight of LSB is _____.
- (i) $\frac{1}{4}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{15}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{8}$ (iv) $\frac{1}{16}$
- d) Output of a NOR Gate is high when _____.
- (i) Either of the inputs is low (ii) Either of the inputs is high (iii) All inputs are high (iv) All inputs are low

Ques 1 (B): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) What is a Multiplexer? Draw a logic diagram of 4:1 multiplexer and explain.
- b) Convert the following :
- i) $(2B4)_{16} = (?)_2$ ii) $(352)_{10} = (?)_{16}$ iii) $(10101010)_2 = (?)_{10}$
- c) What is 1's complement of a Binary Number? Explain 1's Complement Method of Subtraction with suitable example.

Ques 2 (A): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) Draw a logic diagram for the following expression and write truth table for the same.
 $ABCDE + F = Y$
- b) Prove the following identities using Boolean Laws.
- i) $(A+B)(A+B)(A+C) = AC$.
- ii) $A+AB = A + B$
- c) Explain BCD to decimal decoder with neat logic diagram.

Ques 2 (B): Attempt any ONE of the following – (4 Marks)

- a) With suitable examples, explain decimal to binary conversion for integer as well as for fraction.
- b) State rules for binary addition and subtraction and solve the following.

Ques 3 (A): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) With neat diagram, explain working of TTL Inverter.
- b) State and explain any three characteristics of Digital ICs.
- c) Explain working of 1:4 Demultiplexer with neat logic diagram.

Ques 3 (B): Attempt any ONE of the following – (4 Marks)

- a) Define Full Adder. Draw a logic diagram for Full adder. State logic equation and write the truth table.
- b) What are Universal Building Blocks? With neat logic diagrams explain how basic gates are constructed from NAND Gates?

Ques 4 (A): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) With neat logic diagram explain D flip-flop. Write any one application of a D flip-flop.
- b) Explain J-K flip-flop with the help of neat logic diagram.
- c) Draw and explain 4 bit Left Shift Register.

Ques 4 (B): Attempt any ONE of the following – (4 Marks)

- a) Draw a block diagram of Computer and explain function of each block.
- b) State and explain any four types of Semiconductor Main Memories.

Ques 5 (A): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) Explain 3-bit Binary Ripple Counter with neat logic diagram. Also draw Waveforms.
- b) What is an Encoder? Draw and explain Decimal to BCD Encoder using OR Gates.
- c) With neat logic diagram, explain Simultaneous ADC.

Ques 5 (B): Attempt any ONE of the following – (4 Marks)

- a) Draw and explain circuit diagram of 4 bit Binary Ladder (R-2R) Type DAC. What will be its output voltage for a binary input of 1001, where logic '0' corresponds to 0 volt and logic '1' corresponds to 16 volt?
- b) Explain need of ADC and DAC by giving suitable examples.

OR

Ques 5 (A): Attempt any TWO of the following – (6 Marks)

- a) With the help of a logic diagram, explain working of Decade Counter.
- b) Explain working of CMOS NAND Gate with neat circuit diagram.
- c) With neat block diagram, explain BCD to seven segment decoder/driver.

Ques 5 (B): Attempt any ONE of the following – (4 Marks)

- a) Compare Synchronous and Asynchronous Counters.
- b) Implement the following multi-output combination logic circuits using 4 to 16 line decoder (active low outputs)
 $F_1 = m(2, 3, 6, 9, 12)$
 $F_2 = m(4, 8, 12)$
 $F_3 = m(5, 10, 13)$